



Topic 1 workshop

- thematic partner TOPIC T1 **Integrated management of natural protected areas** -

Name of the Project: QUALIGOUV – Improving governance and quality of the forest management in Mediterranean protected areas

Name of the Partner: Association Internationale Forêts Méditerranéennes (AIFM)

Name of the speaker: Sophie Vallée

TOPIC 1 workshop

- ✓ What's our capitalisation methodology?
 - ✓ What do you want to put forward and to keep in Medland deliverables?
 - ✓ What are the transferability conditions? (biogeographical context, socio-economic context)
- ✓ Be critical about your project (approach, methods, tools, implementation) :
 - ✓ What was good/what has worked? Why?
 - ✓ What was bad/what hasn't worked? Why? How do improve it?
 - ✓ What are the mistakes/errors to avoid in the future? Recommendations?

QUALIGOUV: What protected areas?

✓ Regional Natural Parks

- ✓ Regional Natural Park of Sierra Espuña (Murcia – Spain)
- ✓ Natural Park of Puebla de San Miguel, Natural Park of Chera, Natural Park of Serra Calderona, Natural Park of Turia (Generalitat Valenciana – Spain)
- ✓ Regional Natural Park of Alpilles (PACA – France)
- ✓ Regional Natural Park of Luberon (PACA – France)
- ✓ Regional Natural Park of Terra delle Gravine (Puglia – Italy)
- ✓ Natural Park of Valle do Guadiana (Alentejo – Portugal)



QUALIGOUV: What protected areas?

✓ Biosphere reserve (MAB)

- ✓ Mont Ventoux Biosphere reserve (PACA – France)

✓ Natura 2000 sites

- ✓ Natural Park of Valle do Guadiana (Alentejo – Portugal): both Habitats and Birds Directives

✓ WWF reserves

- ✓ WWF reserve of Monte Arcosu (Sardegna – Italy)
- ✓ WWF reserve of Bosco Rocconi (Toscana – Italy)

Wide range of topics

- ✓ Pilot activities undertaken for improving governance on natural protected areas:
 - management of biodiversity,
 - wildfire prevention,
 - welcoming the general public in forest,
 - forestry & land planning,
 - PES,
 - development of new market opportunities such as wood-energy.

Main conclusions

- ✓ The **governance** in natural protected areas management is very important.
- ✓ For a good governance, it's necessary to involve **all the stakeholders, from the beginning of the process.**
- ✓ It is essential to implicate natural areas **owners.**
- ✓ One of the main obstacle in the implementation of long term activities is the **administrative constraints** (e.g. annualised budget)



Operational tools or best practices/ experiences

- ✓ **Sociological study of the territory:** who are the different stakeholders? Who does what? – C1
- ✓ State of governance: **diagnosis of governance** (past and current governance structures / past and current practices) – C1
- ✓ **Participatory management plans** (integrating social demands and environmental requirements) – C1
 - For forest management
 - For wildfire prevention



Operational tools or best practices/ experiences

- ✓ Forest territory charter (*Charte forestière de territoire*) – C1
- ✓ Forest management free syndicate (*Association syndicale libre de gestion forestière*) – C1
- ✓ Structuration of a local actors chain for timber and wood energy valorisation – C1 & C4
- ✓ Access free WebGIS – C3
- ✓ Awareness raising tools (e.g. marteloscope) – C3



Methodological recommendations for improving/enhancing a project proposition/development/transferring

- ✓ First of all, realise a State of the art study on the topic (literature review)
- ✓ Strengthen interregional cooperation (share experiences) with other projects and programs
- ✓ Good and permanent communication among partners
- ✓ Diagnosis and context understanding
- ✓ Bringing field projects closer to the research world